

A journey to adventure

Lesson 1 Poster 1, Reading

Lesson aim Reading

Lesson targets Children:

- (poster) read about the features of an adventure story
- · follow and read the text
- understand the text and answer oral questions about it
- practise reading the text

Key structure while + past continuous with the past tense

Key language used to

Vocabulary story features; language of fiction

Materials poster 1; PB pp 22–23; CD A track 9; WB p2; Dictionary 5

Time division

W-up	Poster	Reading	WB

Warm-up

Ask the children to think of a character they like in a story or film. Listen to their answers. Ask the children why they like the character.

Poster 1



Text type and vocabulary

- 1 Read the title and the next two lines. Ask a volunteer to come forward and read who the people are.
 If necessary, the children check the meanings of *inventor* and *maid* in their Dictionaries.
- 2 Read the lines about a setting. Ask Who is in the picture? Make sure the children understand the words around the picture. They may check in their Dictionaries if necessary.

Text type features

3 Read the first three lines in the coloured section. Ask a volunteer forward to read *Chapter 1 Grandad*.

Ask the class *Who is in the picture?* **Robert and Lucy**Ask the volunteer to read the beginning of the story.

Tell the children to look at the first sentence again. Ask *Why do you think Robert is excited about staying with his grandfather?* Elicit some suggestions.

4 Read the two bullet points to the class. Do they agree it is good beginning?

Read the last sentence. Tell the class the story is in their Pupil's Books.

Reading (PB pp 22-23)

1 Give the class time to look at the story and the pictures. Ask Which characters are in the pictures? Robert, Grandad and Lucy

What has happened to Grandad? **He has hurt his leg.** Is the maid, Mrs Green, in the pictures? **No, she isn't.**

- 2 Play track 9. The children listen and follow in their books.
- 3 Use the Dictionary to help explain unfamiliar words.
- 4 Ask questions about each part of the story (see below).
- 5 Ask different children to read a few lines each of the story.
- 6 Play track 9 a final time.

Reading text questions

Where are Robert and Lucy going at the weekend?

Grandfather's

Who is Lucy? Robert's cousin

What was Robert doing when Lucy phoned? **packing his bag**

What two things do Robert and Lucy like about Grandad? **He's an inventor (and clever)**; **He loves history.**

What things does Grandad invent? mobile phones, mostly

What sort of books does Grandad have? history books Who is Mrs Green? the maid

What has happened to Grandad? **He has hurt his ankle.** What has happened to Lucy? **She's disappeared, travelled back in time.**

How did Lucy travel back in time? **She used a mobile phone (Grandad's new invention).**

What is the password for the phone? **Adventure**Why does Grandad think Lucy has used a phone? **One of**them is missing.



A journey to adventure

Reading (a) Escape from the fire

Chapter 1: Grandad

Robert was excited. He was going to stay with his grandfather at the weekend. Lucy, his cousin, was going to stay too. She was the same age as Robert and they were good

While Robert was packing his bag, the telephone rang noisily. Robert answered it.



"I hope we have a great weekend," said Lucy. "So do I," said Robert. "It's always good fun at Grandad's.

While Robert was travelling on the bus, he thought about Grandad. There were two things about him that Robert and Lucy really liked. First, he was very, very clever. He was an inventor. He invented lots of things, but mostly he invented new kinds of mobile phones. The other thing they liked was that Grandad loved history. His house was full of history books. When Robert and Lucy came to stay, Grandad told them exciting stories from history. The cousins loved the stories because they were true. They loved Grandad's tales of explorers who used to sail across the oceans and travel across deserts to distant

Robert knocked on Grandad's door. Mrs Green, the maid, opened it. "Hello, Robert," she said. "Come in." "Hello, Mrs Green," Robert said. "How are you?"

"I'm fine," said Mrs Green. She took his bag from him. "Your grandfather is in his Robert hurried into Grandad's study. "Hello, Grandad," he began. Then he stopped in

surprise. Grandad was sitting in an armchair. There was a big bandage on his foot.





Unit 1 Reading: the beginning of an adventure story

"Grandad, what happened?" Robert asked. "I've hurt my ankle," Grandad said. "The doctor says I mustn't walk on it for a few

days."
"Poor Grandad. Does it hurt? I'll help you and so will Lucy. Where is she? Has she

arrived yet?"

Grandad looked worried. "I'm not sure," he said. "I think she has disappeared."

"Disappeared?" said Robert. "What do you mean?" Grandad leaned towards him and whispered, "I think she has travelled back in time."

Chapter 2: The time-travel phones



Robert looked at Grandad, amazed. "How could Lucy have travelled back in time?" h

Grandad showed him a mobile phone. "Look at this," he said. "This is not an ordinary phone. This is my newest invention."

Robert thought the mobile phone looked ordinary. "What's special about it?" he asked.

"Do you promise not to tell anyone?

"Not even Lucy?"
"Lucy knows already."
"Not even Mum and Dad?"

"I'll tell them soon."

In ten them soons it do?" asked Robert.
"With this mobile phone you can travel back in time."
"Wow!" Robert exclaimed. "Can you really do that?"
Grandad nodded proudly. "Ive worked on this invention for two years," he said. "It's ady now."
Robert's eyes widened. "How does it work?"

"Let me show you. You put in the date you want to visit. Then you put in the place you want to visit. Then you put in the place you want to visit. Then you put in the password, Adventure."
"Did you tell Lucy this?"
"Yes. And now one of the time-travel phones is missing."

"How many time-travel phones have you made?" Robert asked.
"Four," Grandad shook his head. "I'm worried, Robert. I think Lucy has used the
missing phone to travel back in time."
"Wow!" Robert exclaimed. "Where do you think she has gone?"

From Escape from the Fire, by Richard Brown (Macmillan English Explorers Level 4)

Unit 1 Reading: the beginning of an adventure story



Note: Escape from the fire is a Macmillan reader in the Explorers series. It is an exciting adventure which Year 5 children will enjoy as a class reader or for independent reading.

Workbook: Study skills (WB p2)

Make sure the children understand the tasks.

Exercise 1

Remind the children to look at the first letter of each word. Do the first set of words with the class if you wish.

Exercise 2

Tell the children to read all the words in the box first. They read the first definition and choose the best word to match with it.

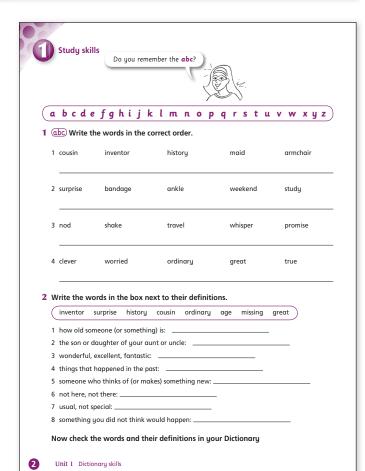
Workbook answers

Exercise 1

1 armchair, cousin, history, inventor, maid 2 ankle, bandage, study, surprise, weekend 3 nod, promise, shake, travel, whisper 4 clever, great, ordinary, true, worried

Exercise 2

1 age 2 cousin 3 great 4 history 5 inventor 6 missing 7 ordinary 8 surprise



Lesson 2 Reading comprehension and vocabulary

Lesson aim Reading comprehension; vocabulary **Lesson targets** Children:

- re-read Escape from the fire
- answer literal and personal response comprehension questions
- practise vocabulary using dictionaries to check definitions

Key structure and language from Lesson 1

Vocabulary from Lesson 1

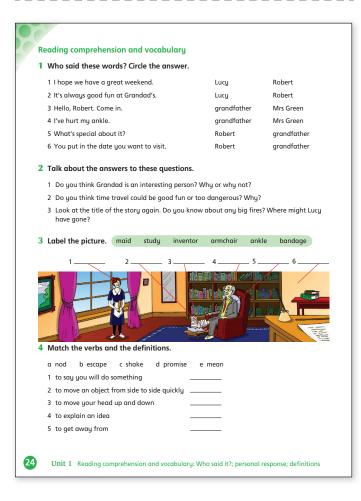
Materials PB p24; WB p3

Time division

W-up Read again Comp & vocab WB

Warm-up

Alphabetical order. Write on the board some words from the story that begin with the same letter, e.g. history, house, hurried, happened, hurt, hello. Give the children one or two minutes to write them in alphabetical order. (See Games, p215.)



Reading comprehension and vocabulary (PB p24)

Read again

Re-read *Escape from the fire* to the class or ask different children to read aloud. Alternatively, play track 9 while the children listen and follow in their books.

Activity 1

Ask a volunteer to read the first sentence. Ask *Who said it, Lucy or Robert?* Elicit the answer. Check with the rest of the class. The children circle in their books.

Continue with the other sentences.

Answers: 1 Lucy 2 Robert 3 Mrs Green 4 grandfather 5 Robert 6 grandfather

Activity 2

Ask a child to read the first question. Elicit an answer. Ask for reasons for the answer. Note a word or two on the board, e.g. *inventor*, *tells stories*, *knows a lot of history*, etc. Ask if anyone has a different answer.

Ask a child to read the second question. Elicit as many different ideas as you can, e.g. It would be good fun because you could see what happened a long time ago; you would go to lots of new places; you could talk to the people.

It would be too dangerous because you might go to the wrong place; you might not get back; you might meet someone dangerous.

Note ideas on the board. Encourage the children to say as much as they can.

Tell the class to look back at the story title. Ask if they know of any big fires. Let them tell you about any they know of. They may remember the Great Fire of London from *English World 4*. Ask for suggestions about where Lucy might have gone.

Activity 3

Ask one or more children to read the words. Give the children a minute or two to label the picture. Check answers together.

Answers: 1 maid 2 ankle 3 bandage 4 inventor 5 armchair 6 study

Activity 4

Ask a child to read the five words.

Give the class a short time to read the definitions silently. Tell the class to write the letters *a* to *e* next to the correct definition.

They may use their Dictionaries to check if they are not sure. Ask for the first answer. Check everyone agrees. Continue with the other definitions.

Answers: 1 d 2 c 3 a 4 e 5 b

Workbook: Reading comprehension and vocabulary (WB p3)

Check the children understand the tasks. They should be able to complete these exercises independently. They give an opportunity for the children to develop their own dictionary skills.

Exercises 1 and 2

Point out exercise 1 and remind the class that they must reread the text before they try to answer exercise 2.

Exercises 3 and 4

Remind the class to use their Dictionaries to check definitions when they complete these exercises if they are not certain of the meanings.

Workbook answers

Exercise 2

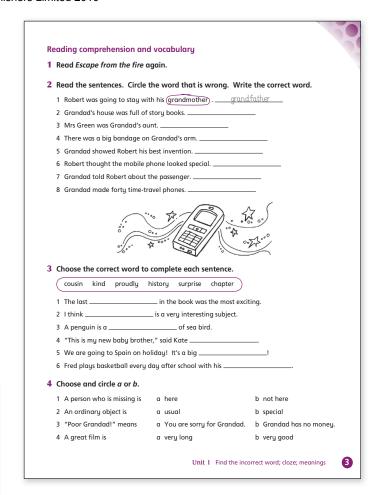
2 story; history 3 aunt; maid 4 arm; leg 5 best; newest 6 special; ordinary 7 passenger; password 8 forty; four

Exercise 3

1 chapter 2 history 3 kind 4 proudly 5 surprise 6 cousin

Exercise 4

1b 2a 3a 4b



Lesson 3 Grammar

Lesson aim Grammar

Lesson targets Children:

- understand the composition of the key structure
- practise the key structure
- · produce the key structure independently

Key structure While + past continuous with the past simple

Vocabulary from Lesson 1

Materials PB p25; WB p4; GPB p4

Time division

W-up Presentation / practice WB

Warm-up

Word chain. Team A writes a word on the board. Team B must write a word beginning with the last letter of Team A's word. (See Games, p214.)



Grammar (PB p25)

Activity 1

Remind the class of the story about Robert, Grandad and Lucy.

Tell them to look at the two pictures.

Let a volunteer read the first two sentences.

Ask What was Robert doing? He was packing his bag.

Ask What happened? The telephone rang.

Let a volunteer read the third sentence.

Write it on the board. Underline While. The class reads.

Activity 2

Give the children a few moments to look at the pictures and read the sentences.

Ask a volunteer to read the first sentence. Ask *Which picture matches the sentence?* Elicit an answer. Check everyone agrees. The children write in their books.

Continue with the other pictures.

Answers: 1 d 2 c 3 a 4 b

Activity 3

Give the children time to read the phrases and look at the pictures.

Tell them they will have to think of some words themselves to complete the sentences but the pictures will give them ideas.

Ask a volunteer to complete the first sentence. Different endings could be suggested, e.g. *met a friend, said hello to a friend, spoke to a friend, saw a friend*, etc. Accept any answer that is grammatically correct. Make sure the class realises that there is more than one correct answer. Encourage them to think of as many endings as they can.

Write them on the board.

Continue with the other sentences. Encourage different answers. For number 3, remind them that the sentence must start with *While*. Remind them of the tense after *While*.

Answers:

- 2 met a bear / saw a bear / heard a bear / scared a bear
- **3** While the man was digging / working / in the garden ...
- 4 While we / they / were having dinner / lunch / eating ...

Workbook: Grammar (WB p4)

Exercise 1

Make sure the children understand the tasks.

If necessary, remind them of the tense following *While*. Point out the example.

The children should be able to complete these sentences independently.

Exercise 2

If you wish, go through the pictures. Check the children understand what is happening in each one.

Remind them to start their sentences with While.

Workbook answers

Exercise 1

2 was watching, rang3 was making, knocked4 were climbing, saw5 was doing, arrived6 was playing, hurt

Exercise 2

2 While the children were walking in the forest (wood) they heard (listened to) a wolf.
3 While the man was walking, the wind blew his hat away (his hat blew away / came off).
4 While the woman was in the supermarket (shopping) a man (thief) took (stole) her bag.

Grammar Practice Book (GPB p4)

When the children have completed the PB and WB Grammar pages, they may complete GPB page 4.

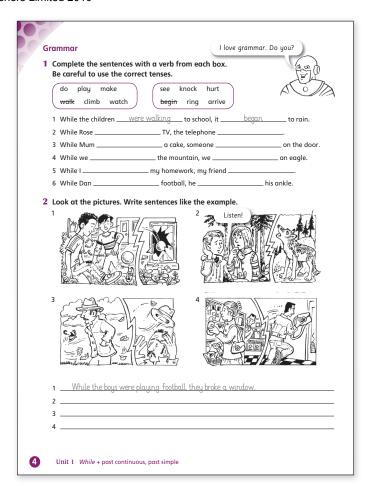
Grammar Practice Book answers

Activity 1

2 were eating, saw 3 was crossing, rang 4 was taking, fell over 5 were carrying, dropped

Activity 2

1 While they were looking at the bananas, they found a spider. 2 While she was playing with her doll, she hurt her finger.



Lesson 4 Grammar in conversation

Lesson aim Grammar in conversation

Lesson targets Children:

- listen to a conversation
- think of their own ideas for a similar conversation
- hold a short conversation in pairs

Key language used to + verb

Vocabulary toys, childhood and family

Materials PB p26; CD A track 10; WB p5; GPB p5

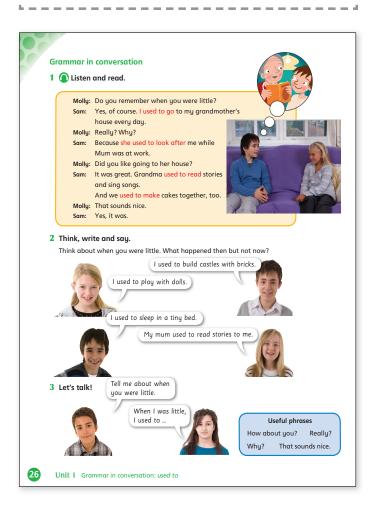
Time division

W-up	Dialogue	Indiv prep	Pair/class speaking	WB	

Warm-up

Write on the board While the sun was shining. Put past tense verb cards below, e.g. played, swam, went, arrived, opened.

Teams take turns to make up sentences, e.g. While the sun was shining, we played outside / in the garden / football, etc.



Grammar in conversation (PB p26)

Activity 1

Point out the picture. Explain that the children are talking. The boy is thinking. Ask the class if they know what he is thinking about. Hear suggestions.

Tell the class they are going to hear what the children are talking about.

Play track 10. The children listen and follow in their books. Ask who the boy, Sam, is thinking about: *his grandma and the things they used to do together when Sam was little*

Activity 2

Read the sentence and the question to the class.

Ask volunteers to read out the children's speech bubbles.

Make sure the class understands that *used to* + verb is used for something that happened in the past but doesn't happen now. The children in the photos are talking about things they did but do not do any more.

Tell the class to write down one or two things they did when they were little but they do not do now. Give them a minute or two to do this.

Ask the children to tell you things they used to do. Put some of their suggestions on the board. Ask extra questions as appropriate. Let other children ask questions if they can.

Activity 3

Ask a volunteer to read the phrases in the box. Remind the class they heard some of these in the dialogue.

The children talk in pairs about what they used to do when they were little.

Go around listening to them as they talk. Give them a few minutes to practise together.

Ask some pairs to repeat their conversations. The class listens.

Workbook: Grammar in conversation (WB p5)

Make sure the children understand the tasks.

Exercise 1

Explain that *used to* is in every sentence but the children must choose the best verb to add from the other box to complete each sentence.

Exercise 2

Make sure the children understand that they change the past tense verb to *used to* + verb.

Do the first example on the board with the class. The children do the rest of the exercise independently.

Workbook answers

Exercise 1

1 used to go 2 used to look after 3 used to read

4 used to make 5 used to play 6 used to sleep

7 used to drive 8 used to live

Exercise 2

2 used to go 3 used to play 4 used to swim 5 used to teach 6 used to ride 7 used to like 8 used to win

Grammar Practice Book (GPB p5)

When the children have completed the PB and WB Grammar in conversation pages, they may complete GPB page 5.

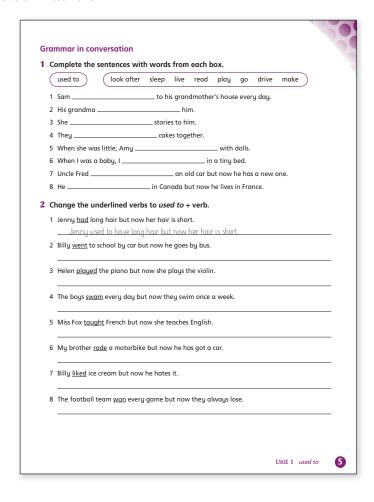
Grammar Practice Book answers

Activity 1

- 2 When Tom was little, he used to play with dinosaurs.
- 3 When Lucy was little, she used to play with dolls.
- **4** When Lucy was little, she used to have long hair.
- **5** When Tom and Lucy were little, they used to play in the garden.
- **6** When Tom and Lucy were little, they used to have bicycles.

Activity 2

- 2 They used to have bicycles but now they have cars.
- 3 Tom used to wear shorts but now he wears trousers.
- **4** Lucy used to play in the garden but now she works in a hospital.
- **5** They used to be short but now they are tall.



Lesson 5 Spelling, Use of English

Lesson aim Spelling; poem; Use of English

Lesson targets Children:

- listen to pronunciation of words beginning wh with a silent h
- practise spelling and writing words beginning wh
- understand and say a short poem

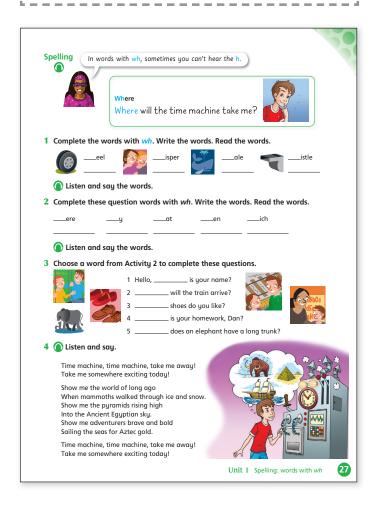
Target words where, when, what, why, which, wheel, whisper, whale, whistle

Materials PB p27; CD A tracks 11–14; WB pp 6–7; GPB p6 Time division

W-up	Spelling	Poem	Use of English	WB
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Warm-up

Word races. Game 1. The children write down as many words as they can think of beginning with, for example, f. (See Games, p215.)



Give them a time limit to do this. Play track 12. The children listen and repeat the words. Ask different children to read out their words.

Activity 2

The children complete and write the question words. Give them a time limit. Play track 13. The children listen and repeat the question words.

Ask the class to think of questions using the words. If you wish, divide the class in two. See which side can think up a question first using any word you choose.

Activity 3

The children read the sentences and choose the best word from activity 2 to complete them. Remind them to look at the pictures to help them.

Answers: 1 what 2 When 3 Which 4 Where 5 Why

Activity 4

Tell the class to look at the picture. Ask what they think the poem is about.

Play track 14. The children listen and follow.

Read through the words with the class. Explain any unfamiliar language.

Play track 14 again. The children listen and follow.

Point out to the class that the last words of each pair of lines rhymes.

Tell the class to read the first two lines together.

Invite three volunteers to read two lines each of the verse.

Tell the class to read the last two lines together.

The class may learn this poem if you wish.

To complete classroom Lesson 5, move on to Use of English, WB p7.

Workbook: Use of English (WB p7)

Read Mr Smash's speech bubble to the class. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence. Write it on the board.

Exercise 1

Read the two sentences. Ask a volunteer to read the phrase. Write it on the board.

Read the next two sentences. Point out the ending of *noisy*.

Spelling (PB p27)

Spelling box

Point out Miss Sparkle's speech bubble. Tell the class to listen and follow in their books. Play track 11. The children listen. Read the example word. The class repeats. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence.

Activity 1

The children complete the words then write the whole word.

Read the next two sentences. Ask a volunteer to read the example sentence. Read the information about the spelling change. Point it out in the sentence on the board.

Exercise 2

Ask a volunteer to read Miss Smart's speech bubble. Ask others to read the adjectives. Point out the spelling of the first adverb. The children write the adverbs. Check answers by letting different volunteers write the words on the board. Other children check their answers.

Exercise 3

Give the children a time limit to complete the exercise. The children should be able to do this task independently and it could be set for homework. Check answers together if it is done in class.

Workbook answers

Exercise 2

angrily prettily heavily greedily lazily

Exercise 3

1 angrily 2 heavily 3 lazily 4 greedily 5 funnily 6 prettily

Workbook: Spelling (WB p6)

Make sure the children understand the tasks. Most of this page should be done by the children working alone. Read, or ask a child to read, the reminder in Mr Smash's speech bubble. Ask a volunteer to read the word and the sentence in the box.

Exercises 1, 2 and 3

Ask volunteers to read the words. Check for correct pronunciation. The class repeats the words if they need to practise this phoneme and spelling.

The children write the words independently.

The children complete the sentences in exercise 2 independently.

The children make up their own questions for exercise 3 using the five question words.

Workbook answers

Exercise 2

1 whale 2 whistle 3 wheel 4 whisper

Grammar Practice Book (GPB p6)

When the children have completed the PB and WB Use of English and Spelling pages, they may complete GPB page 6.

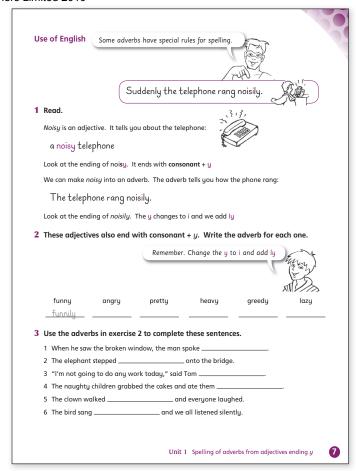
Grammar Practice Book answers

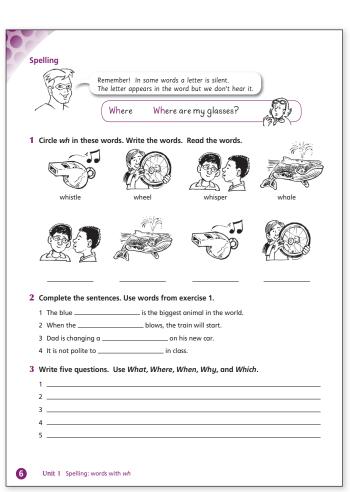
Activity 1

2 heavy 3 greedily 4 funny 5 lazily 6 pretty 7 noisily 8 happy

Activity 2

1 happy 2 noisy 3 pretty 4 funnily 5 greedily 6 lazily 7 heavy 8 angrily





Lesson 6 Class composition; Writing preparation, Composition practice

Lesson aim Writing

Lesson targets Children:

- compose paragraphs with teacher support (session 1)
- practise vocabulary and structures for independent writing (session 2)
- write a story chapter independently (session 2)

Key structure and language from the unit

Vocabulary from the unit

Materials PB p28; WB pp 8–9; word cards

Time division (session 1)

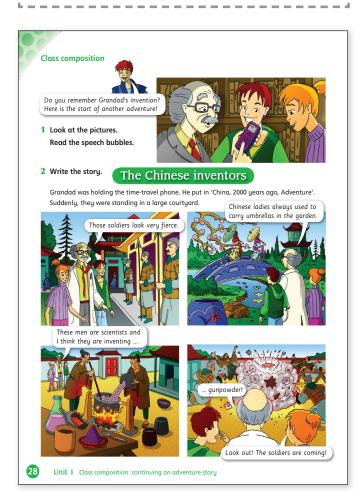
W-up Discussion & notes Writing Editing, improving

Time division (session 2)

W-up	Writing prep	Composition
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Session 1 Warm-up

Play *Look, cover, write, check* with words from Lesson 5. (See Games, p215.)



Class composition (PB p28)

Activity 1

Ask a volunteer to read Miss Smart's speech bubble. Ask What was Grandad's invention? a mobile phone. What was special about the phone? It was a time-travel phone.

Point out the top picture. Ask What are they doing? looking at the phone

Read the short paragraph to the class. Give the children a moment to look at the page.

Tell the class to look at the first picture. Ask Who is in the courtyard? Elicit Grandad, Lucy and Robert; some soldiers, some people.

Ask What are Grandad and the children are doing? **looking** around. What are the other people doing / wearing? Write some notes on the board, e.g. **long coats**, etc.

Ask a volunteer to read the speech bubble. Check understanding of *fierce*. Ask *Do they look fierce? Why?* Write notes on the board, e.g. *spears, helmets, angry,* etc.

Do the same with the other pictures, writing notes for each.

Activity 2

Begin the story with the class. Read the opening paragraph again. Ask what the next sentence should be about. Point out the notes on the board for the first picture. Ask what the best ideas are. Help the class to make up two or three sentences using the best ideas.

Ask What did Robert say? Elicit his words and write them into the story. Show the class how to punctuate direct speech as you write. When the sentences for the first picture are complete, ask a volunteer to read them.

Continue in the same way with the other pictures.

When the writing is complete, ask the class whether any changes could be made to improve the story. Does it make sense? Is it interesting? Should there be more adjectives and adverbs? Are there any better verbs?

Make any changes that you and the class agree to. Let one or more volunteers read the story to the class.

Example class composition

See page 53 for an example story drawn from answers to suggested questions and given prompts. This example is given as a guide only.

Session 2 Warm-up

Play the Adverb game. (See Games, p214.)

Workbook: Writing preparation (WB p8)

Exercise 1

Revise punctuation of direct speech with the class. Write the example sentence on the board and show the children clearly what all the punctuation is.

Exercise 2

Revise the position of the reporting words. Ask different children to read each example sentence.

Exercise 3

Read the first two sentences to the class. Ask children to read out the words.

Give the class a time limit to complete the exercise independently. Check answers together.

Exercise 4

Explain the task.

Give the children time to read all the sentences.

While they are reading, write the sentences with blanks and no speech marks on the board.

You will need word cards showing the past tense of the verbs from exercise 3: *shouted*, *screamed*, *whispered*, *exclaimed*, *explained*. Put the cards on one side of the board.

Ask a volunteer to choose a word to complete any of the sentences. Ask the child to read the sentence to the class.

Continue with the other sentences. Ask if they all make sense. Ask if any words need to be changed over.

When the class agrees that all the sentences make sense, ask volunteers to write in the speech marks.

The children complete the exercise in their books.

Workbook: Composition practice (WB p9)

Explain to the class they are going to write the next chapter of the time-travel story. This is what happened after the explosion. Tell the children to look carefully at the pictures to see what happened. They read the speech bubbles to find out what

people said.

Remind the class of the reporting words and other vocabulary on WB page 8. They can use these words to help them write the

The children write the story in their copy books.

Go around helping and monitoring as they work. Be ready to give extra vocabulary if they need it.

Encourage the children to use their own ideas to tell the story. Remind them to use adjectives, adverbs and interesting verbs.

When they have finished, tell them to re-read their work to look for mistakes they can correct or improvements they could make.

Ask volunteers to read parts of their stories to the class. They may complete and/or check the task for homework.

The children may make neat copies for their portfolios and illustrate their work.

Assessment

story.

The children's work will vary according to ability. Some children will write basic sentences but still show understanding of the writing task.

In assessing their work, look for writing which:

- tells events in the correct order
- · uses some direct speech
- uses some different reporting words.





Lesson 7 Listening

Lesson aim Listening

Lesson targets Children:

- understand the pictures and basic dialogue for a story
- listen to the narrative and complete dialogue for the story
- answer comprehension questions and discuss aspects of the story

Key structure and language from the unit

Vocabulary moneybox, skyscraper

Materials PB p29; CD A track 15

Time division

W-up Pre-listen Listening Post-listen Activities

Warm-up

Ask around the class Where would you like to go with a time-travel phone?

Elicit some answers. Find out if any ideas are popular with a lot of the class.

Ask different children to read the speech bubbles for each picture.

Ask What did Uncle Bob bring for Jamie? a present / some money

Who hasn't got any money? **Jamie's brother** Who has got a lot of money? **Jamie**

What does Jamie want to buy? a guitar

Activity 2

to the next picture.

Explain to the class they are now going to hear the whole story.

Tell them to look at each picture and follow the story.

Explain that the sound they hear tells them when to move on

Play track 15. The children listen and look.



Ask questions to check understanding:

Why did Uncle Bob bring money for Jamie? It was his birthday last week.

Why couldn't Uncle Bob stay? **He was on his way to the** airport.

What is his job? **pilot**

Whose moneybox looks like a skyscraper? Jamie's Why hasn't Paul got any money now? He's spent it. What kind of guitar does Jamie want to buy? an electric guitar

Where is Jamie going to buy his guitar? the mall

Ask questions about the story that require the children to think about their answers or give personal responses (see next page).

Ask the children what they think will happen in the next part of the story.

Optional

The children use the play script and act out the story.

Suggested homework task

The children complete Check-up 1.



Listening (PB p29)

Activity 1

Read the title of the story to the class. Explain the new words or ask the children to look in their Dictionaries.

Give the class a minute or two to look at the whole page. Ask Who is in the story? **Dad, Mum, two boys, Uncle Bob** What are the boys and Mum and Dad doing at the beginning? **watching TV**

Listening audioscript: The skyscraper moneybox – Part 1

1 It was eight o'clock in the evening. Mum, Dad, Jamie and his older brother Paul were in the living room. There was a good film on TV. While they were watching it, there was a knock at the door.

2 Dad: Who's that?

Mum: Go and see, Jamie.

Jamie: OK, Mum.

3 Uncle Bob: Hello, Jamie!
Jamie: Uncle Bob! Hello!

4 Jamie took Uncle Bob into the living room.

Uncle Bob: Hello, everybody!

Mum: Bob! What a surprise!

Dad: What are you doing here?

Uncle Bob: I've brought a present for Jamie. It was

your birthday last week, wasn't it?

Jamie: Yes, it was.

Uncle Bob: I forgot. Sorry, Jamie. Anyway, here you

are. Happy birthday!

5 Jamie: Oh, thanks, Uncle Bob!

Wow! A twenty pound note! That's fantastic! Thank you very much.

6 Uncle Bob was in a hurry. He was going to the airport.

Uncle Bob: Sorry I can't stay.
Dad: Goodbye, Bob!

Mum: See you soon.
All: Bye! / Goodbye!

7 Jamie went upstairs to his bedroom. He reached up to a shelf and took down his moneybox. It was like a New York skyscraper. There was lots of money inside.

Jamie: Oh! It's heavy!

8 Jamie emptied the moneybox onto his desk.

Jamie: Let's see... How much money have I got

now? Five ... ten ... fifteen ... twenty ...

9 Suddenly, while Jamie was counting his money, he heard a voice. It was his brother, Paul. He was standing in the doorway.

Paul: How much have you got?

Jamie: twenty-five ... thirty ... thirty-five ... forty...

10 Paul: I haven't got any money. I used to have

lots.

Jamie: You spend your money. I save mine.

11 Paul: What for? What are you going to buy?

Jamie: I'm going to buy a guitar – an electric

guitar.

12 Paul: Where are you going to buy that?

Jamie: In the mall. We're going to go to the mall

next week. I've seen the one I want. It's

fantastic!

Deductive questions

Why do you think Paul watched Jamie counting his money? **Perhaps he wants to know how much Jamie has got.**

Do you think Jamie is lucky to have this much money? Children's own answers.

How do you think Paul feels?

Children's own answers. They might suggest that he is unhappy because Jamie has money and he does not.

Personal response questions

Would you like to have an uncle who is a pilot?
What would be good about it?

Would there be anything bad about it?

Children's own answers. They might notice that Uncle Bob is always busy and he forgot about Jamie's birthday last week.

Ask the class Do you save your money or do you spend it?