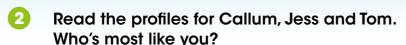


Objectives

In this unit, I will ...

- > review the vocabulary I know.
- read and write personal descriptions.
- use relative pronouns in definitions.
- ➤ learn about balloon races.

Look at the photos. What are the people whole Class doing? Does your school have a fair?



Name: Callum Dawson

Age: 11 Birthday: 14th September

Family: one brother

Favourite school subject: Art

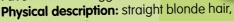
Favourite food: fruit smoothies, pasta Physical description: short brown hair,

brown eyes, short

Character description: confident, kind, tidy

Name: Jess King

Age: 10 Birthday: 3rd February Family: one brother and one sister Favourite school subject: Maths Favourite food: eggs, chocolate



brown eyes, tall

Character description: friendly, active, a bit noisy!

Name: Tom Smith

Age: 10 Birthday: 25th May Family: no brothers or sisters Favourite school subject: Science Favourite food: pizza, tomatoes Physical description: short black hair,



Character description: quiet, shy, a bit untidy







Communicate Ask and answer.

What's Tom like?

He's a bit untidy, quiet and shy.

Yes. That's right.

What does Jess look like?

She's got straight blonde hair and brown eyes. She's tall.











- 1 He's the person who's wearing blue jeans and a blue and white shirt.
- 2 It's the place where you can win a coconut.
- 3 It's the food that's made from flour, eggs and sugar.
- 4 She's the person **who**'s buying a smoothie and has got straight blonde hair.
- 5 It's something **which** you use to take photos.
- Listen and find.



Communicate Think of five things that you would like to have at your school fair.





WELCO'E TOTHE SCHOOL FAIR

Communicate Listen and read. Act out.





Tom: What are all these balloons for?

Callum: There's going to be a balloon race.

What's a balloon race? Jess:

Callum: People buy a balloon. They write a

question and their email address on a label. Then we let go of all the balloons.

Tom: And then what?

Callum: The balloons float away. Some of them

land near here, but some land in other

countries.



Tom: They land in other countries? Really?

Callum: Yes. A few years ago, a balloon went from

England to China.

Tom: What happens when a balloon lands?

Callum: Hopefully, someone reads the question

on the label and sends a message. The balloon that travels the furthest is

the winner.

Jess: What a great idea! Let's buy some balloons.

Say the sentences in the correct order.

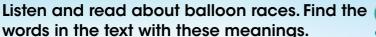
- a The balloon lands somewhere.
- **b** Someone sends you a message.
- **c** You write a question and your email address on the label.
- **d** Someone finds the label.
- e You buy a balloon.
- f Everyone lets their balloons float away.

Communicate Read the questions on the balloon labels. Ask and answer.











- a light gas to explode the material that balloons are made of



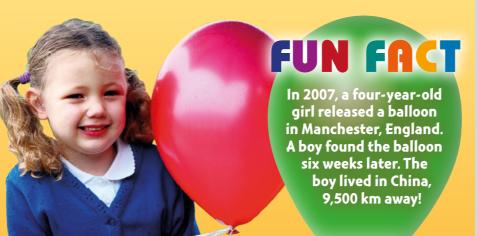
Balloon races

How does a balloon race work?

The balloons have got a gas called helium inside them. Helium is lighter than air. Each balloon usually rises about eight kilometres and then bursts, but some travel a long way and land in other countries.

What are the rules for balloon races?

- The balloons must be made of latex and the labels must be made of paper.
- Latex and paper are organic, so they will degrade naturally.
- The balloons shouldn't have the string attached when they're released.
- You mustn't tie the balloons together.
- You mustn't let go of more than 5,000 balloons at the same time.



Read and say true or false.

- 1 Air is heavier than helium.
- 2 The balloons usually burst.
- 3 There aren't any rules for balloon races.
- 4 It's OK to tie the balloons together.
- **5** It's OK to release 4,000 balloons at the same time.
- 6 A boy in China found a balloon that a girl released in Manchester.
- Communicate Name five countries that you think the balloons will go to.

